# MIT Department of Mechanical Engineering <br> <br> 2.25 Advanced Fluid Mechanics 

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Problem 7.03
This problem is from "Advanced Fluid Mechanics Problems" by A.H. Shapiro and A.A. Sonin

A metal ball falls at steady speed in a large tank containing a viscous liquid. The ball falls so slowly that it is known that the inertia forces may be ignored in the equation of motion compared with the viscous forces.

(a) Perform a dimensional analysis of this problem, with the aim of relating the speed of fall $V$, to the diameter of the ball $D$, the mass density of the ball $\rho_{b}$, the mass density of the liquid $\rho_{l}$, and any other variables which play a role. Note that the "effective weight" of the ball is proportional to $\left(\rho_{b}-\rho_{l}\right) g$.
(b) Suppose that an iron ball ( sp . gr. $=7.9, D=0.3 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) falls through a certain viscous liquid ( sp . gr. $=$ 1.5 ) at a certain steady-state speed. What would be the diameter of an aluminum ball ( sp . gr. $=2.7$ ) which would fall through the same liquid at the same speed assuming inertial forces are negligible in both flows?

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