## Exercises on matrix spaces; rank 1; small world graphs

**Problem 11.1:** [Optional] (3.5 #41. *Introduction to Linear Algebra:* Strang) Write the 3 by 3 identity matrix as a combination of the other five permutation matrices. Then show that those five matrices are linearly independent. (Assume a combination gives  $c_1P_1 + \cdots + c_5P_5 = 0$  and check entries to prove  $c_i$  is zero.) The five permutation matrices are a basis for the subspace of three by three matrices with row and column sums all equal.

**Problem 11.2:** (3.6 #31.)  $\mathbf{M}$  is the space of three by three matrices. Multiply each matrix X in  $\mathbf{M}$  by:

$$A = \left[ \begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

Notice that 
$$A \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

- a) Which matrices X lead to AX = 0?
- b) Which matrices have the form AX for some matrix X?
- c) Part (a) finds the "nullspace" of the operation AX and part (b) finds the "column space." What are the dimensions of those two subspaces of **M**? Why do the dimensions add to (n r) + r = 9?

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