18.034 Honors Differential Equations Spring 2009

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- 1. Consider the differential equation y'' + y = h(t) h(t c) for c > 0.
  - (a) Use the Laplace transform to find the rest solution.
  - (b) Show that y and y' are continuous at t = c but y'' is not.
- 2. Consider the equation  $y^{(n)} = \delta$ , where y(t) = 0 for t < 0. Suppose that y is "maximally regular" at 0, i.e., as many derivatives of y as possible are continuous at 0. Show that  $y^{(n-1)}$  has a jump of magnitude 1 at t = 0.
- 3. (a) For  $n \ge 0$ , what is the action of the distribution  $\delta^{(n)}$  on a test function  $\phi$ ?
  - (b) Explore the continuity of rest solutions to y'''(t) = f(t) for the choices  $t, 1, \delta(t), \delta'(t), \delta''$  of f(t).
- 4. The following boundary-value problem models the equation of the central line y(x),  $0 \le x \le 2$ , of a uniform weightless beam anchored at one end and carrying a concentrated load at its center.

$$y^{(iv)} = 6\delta(x-1), \quad y(0) = y'(0) = y''(2) = y'''(2).$$

- (a) With y''(0) = 2a, y'''(0) = 6b, find y via Y(s).
- (b) Determine a and b from the boundary conditions at x = 2.