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### 18.034 Honors Differential Equations

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1. Under what conditions on $b$ and $k$ do all solutions $y(t)$ to

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+b y^{\prime}+k y=0
$$

tend to zero as $t \rightarrow \infty$ ? What is the physical significance of these conditions for a spring system?
2. Let $u$ and $v$ be continuous and linearly independent on an interval $I$. Suppose $w$ is a function on $I$ with only finitely many zeros.
(a) Show that $w u$ and $w v$ are linearly independent on $I$.
(b) You can't use the Wronskian in this problem. Why not?
(c) Show that the result can fail if $u$ and $v$ are not continuous.
3. Show that $e^{t}, e^{-t}$, and $e^{2 t}$ are linearly independent on $\mathbb{R}$ without using the Wronskian.
4. Show that a function $y$ satisfying

$$
e^{x} y^{\prime \prime}+(\sin x) y^{\prime}-(1+x) y \geq 0, \quad y(0) \geq 0, y^{\prime}(0)>0
$$

must be strictly increasing.
5. Consider the problem

$$
w^{\prime \prime}+\lambda q w=0, \quad w(a)=w(b)=0
$$

where $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ and $q=q(x)$ is a positive function of $x$. Show that there are no non-trivial solutions if $\lambda<0$.

