## SECOND HOMEWORK

Feel free to work with others, but the final write-up should be entirely your own and based on your own understanding.

1. ( 10 pts ) (1.3.27).
2. ( 5 pts ) Let $\vec{u}=(1,-1,2), \vec{v}=(2,1,1)$, and $\vec{w}=(0,2,-1)$. Is the triple $\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}$ a right-hand set or a left-handed set? Why?
3. (15 pts) (a) Let

$$
A=A(\theta)=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
\cos \theta & \sin \theta \\
-\sin \theta & \cos \theta
\end{array}\right)
$$

and let $f: \mathbb{R}^{2} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2}$ be the function which sends the vector $\vec{v}=(x, y)$ to the vector $\vec{w}=f(\vec{v})=A \vec{v}$. Show that $\vec{w}=f(\vec{v})$ is the vector $\vec{v}$ rotated around the origin through an angle of $\theta$, so that the function $f$ represents rotation around the origin through an angle of $\theta$.
(b) Show, by direct computation, that if $B=A(\theta)$ and $C=A(\phi)$, then $B C=A(\theta+\phi)$.
(c) Explain why (b) holds.
4. ( 5 pts ) (1.4.6).
5. ( 5 pts ) (1.4.11).
6. ( 5 pts ) (1.4.18).
7. (8 pts) (1.4.26).
8. (5pts) (1.5.7)
9. ( 5 pts ) (1.5.8).
10. ( 5 pts ) (1.5.9).
11. ( 5 pts ) (1.5.12).
12. ( 5 pts ) (1.5.20).
13. ( 5 pts ) (1.5.24).
14. ( 5 pts ) (1.5.28).
15. ( 5 pts ) (1.6.9).
16. ( 5 pts ) (1.6.11).
17. ( 5 pts ) (1.6.14).
18. ( 5 pts ) (1.6.21).

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### 18.022 Calculus of Several Variables

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