# MIT 16.90 Spring 2014: Problem Set 7 

Qiqi Wang, Karen Willcox

Due: Monday April 14, in class

Problem 7.1 Method of Weighted Residuals
Consider the 1D diffusion problem

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\partial^{2} T}{\partial x^{2}}=\sin (2 \pi x), \quad T(0)=T(1)=1 \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

1. Determine the analytic solution to Equation (1).
2. Assume the solution has the following form:

$$
\tilde{T}(x)=1+a_{1} \phi_{1}+a_{2} \phi_{2}+a_{3} \phi_{3},
$$

where $\phi_{1}=x(1-x), \phi_{2}=x^{2}(1-x), \phi_{3}=x^{3}(1-x)$, and $a_{1}, a_{2}, a_{3}$ are unknown constants. Apply the method of weighted residuals using a Galerkin approximation and determine the $3 \times 3$ system of equations.
3. Can the $3 \times 3$ system of equations be solved to determine a unique solution (i.e., can you determine unique values of $a_{1}, a_{2}$, and $a_{3}$ that solve the Galerkin method of weighted residuals for this assumed solution)? If yes, give the values of the $a_{i}$. Create a plot that compares the weighted-residual solution and the exact solution.

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